

## Ibn Khaldun

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**Ibn Khaldūn** Ibn Khaldūn<sup>ⓘ</sup> Ibn Khaldūn<sup>Ⓘ</sup> (Arabic: ابن خلدون‎; Abū Zayd ʿAbd ar-Raḥmān ibn Muḥammad ibn Khaldūn al-Ḥaḍramī; 27 May 1332 – 17 March 1406) was an Arab scholar of Islam, social scientist and historian who has been described as the father of the modern disciplines of historiography ...

**Ibn Khaldūn - Wikipedia**
Ibn Khaldūn, in full Wāli al-Dīn ʿAbd al-Raḥmān ibn Muḥammad ibn Muḥammad ibn Abī Bakr Muḥammad ibn al-Ḥasan ibn Khaldūn, (born May 27, 1332, Tunis [Tunisia]—died March 17, 1406, Cairo, Egypt), the greatest Arab historian, who developed one of the earliest nonreligious philosophies of history, contained in his masterpiece, the Muqaddimah ("Introduction").

**Ibn Khaldūn | Muslim historian | Britannica**
In 1375, craving solitude from the exhausting business of politics, Ibn Khaldūn took the most momentous step of his life: he sought refuge with the tribe of Awlād ʿAṛif, who lodged him and his family in the safety of a castle, Qalʿat Ibn Salāmah, near what is now the town of Frenḍa, Algeria.

**Ibn Khaldūn - The Muqaddimah: Ibn Khaldūn's philosophy of ...**
Abu Zayd ʿAbd al-Rahman ibn Khaldun came from an illustrious family and enjoyed an excellent education in his youth. Both his parents died when the Black Death struck Tunis in 1349. At the age of 20, he was given a post at the court of Tunis and later became secretary to the sultan of Morocco in Fez.

**Ibn Khaldun Achievements and Profile - ThoughtCo**
Ibn Khaldun is one of the most notable people in the history of Muslims. His most celebrated work ‘al-Muqaddimah’ which is translated to ‘the Introduction’ in English is considered as one of the most sublime and intellectual achievements of the middle ages.

**Ibn Khaldun Biography, Life, Interesting Facts**
Ibn Khaldun was a 14th century Arab Muslim historiographer and historian who is regarded as one of the founding fathers of modern sociology, historiography, and economics. In spite of his having lived centuries ago, his life is well documented unlike those of many of his contemporaries about whom not much credible information is available.

**Ibn Khaldun Biography - Childhood, Life Achievements ...**
Ibn Khaldun (foaled 14 February 2005) was an American-bred Thoroughbred racehorse bred and owned by Sheikh Mohammed.He had his greatest success racing as a two-year-old in Britain in 2007 when he won four consecutive races including the Autumn Stakes and the Racing Post Trophy.He was strongly fancied for the following year's 2000 Guineas but ran poorly in the race.

**Ibn Khaldun (horse) - Wikipedia**
Ibn Khaldun is the most important figure in the field of History and Sociology in Muslim History. He is one of those shining stars that contributed so richly to the understanding of Civilization. In order for one to understand and appreciate his work, one must understand his life. He

**IBN KHALDUN - His Life and Work**
In fact, the Arabic philosopher and historian Ibn Khaldun (1332-1406) was the first pioneer to discover that history, like any other science, required research. "It is the science of circumstances and events and its causes are profound, thus it is an ancient, original part of wisdom and deserves to be one of its sciences."

**Ibn Khaldun and the Philosophy of History | Issue 50 ...**
Ibn Khaldun was a prominent Arab historian and historiographer considered to be the predecessor of modern disciplines of demography and sociology.

**24 Interesting Quotes By Ibn Khaldun That You Must Not Miss**
The grandfather of the Banu Khaldun was Othman ibn Bakr ibn Khalid, also called Khaldun. He was a Yemenite Arab which claimed descendancy from one of the companions of the Islamic Prophet called Wali ibn Hujr. His family, which held many high offices in Andalusia, had emigrated to Tunisia after the fall of Seville to the Reconquista in AD 1248.

**Ibn Khaldun - Infogalactic: the planetary knowledge core**
Muhammad Ibn Khaldūn al-Ḥaḍramī of Tunis (A.D. 1332-1406), commonly known as Ibn Khaldun, laid down the foundations of different fields of knowledge, in particular the science of civilization (al-'umran). His significant contributions to economics, however, should place him in the history of economic thought as a major forerunner.

**"Ibn Khaldun, the Father of Economics"**
The definitive account of the life and thought of the medieval Arab genius who wrote the Muqaddima Ibn Khaldun (1332-1406) is generally regarded as the greatest intellectual ever to have appeared in the Arab world—a genius who ranks as one of the world's great minds. Yet the author of the Muqaddima, the most important

**Ibn Khaldun: An Intellectual Biography (Hardback) - Dar al ...**
One of the major concepts that Ibn Khaldun discusses in his great work Al Muqaddimah, besides the role of environment and geography upon people and shaping the human condition, is the notion of group feeling and its role in history, the formation of societies, and how this too is shaped by the environment.

**Ibn Khaldun: Asabiyyah (Group Feeling) - Discourses on Minerva**
Ibn Khaldun has inspired at least as much interest among modern scholars as his immediate contemporaries. Legions of sociologists, anthropologists and historians have studied his philosophy of history, treating the Muqaddimah as a timeless piece of philosophy. Most studies of Ibn Khaldun ignore the fascinating story his own life and times.

**Ibn Khaldun, Life And Times - By Allen James Fromherz ...**
Ibn Khaldun was born in Tunis on May 27, 1332, the descendant of a family that had for centuries served in high administrative posts in Spain and North Africa. He received a thorough education in the Koran—the holy book of Islam—and in Muslim law and the masterpieces of Arab literature.

**Ibn Khaldun - Students | Britannica Kids | Homework Help**
Ibn Khaldun Islamic philosopher, sociologist, historiographer and historian (1332-1406) ...

**Category:Ibn Khaldun - Wikimedia Commons**
The Muqaddimah: An Introduction to History - Abridged Edition Ibn Khaldūn The Muqaddimah, often translated as "Introduction" or "Prolegomenon," is the most important Islamic history of the premodern world. Written by the great fourteenth-century Arab scholar Ibn Khaldūn (d. 1406), this monumental work... Read More View Book Add to Cart

**Ibn Khaldūn | Princeton University Press**
Ibn Khaldun’s Muqaddimah is the “Introduction” to his seven volume history of the Arab and Berber people, and history of the world (up to his time and from what he knew of the world via sources and travelling).

**The Muqaddimah: An Introduction to History: Ibn Khaldun, N ...**
Abd Ar Rahman bin Muhammed Ibn Khaldun. Translated by. Franz Rosenthal. Table of Contents. Table of Contents. Introductory material Introductory material of Book One, Kitab al ʿIbar Preliminary Remarks Chapter I Human civilization in general Chapter II Bedouin civilization, savage nations and tribes and their conditions